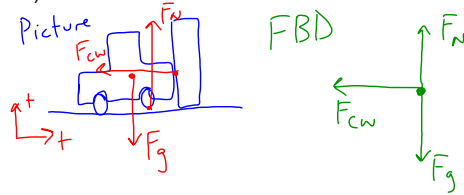


A car with a mass of 1500 kg collides with a wall with a force of -17850 N. *net force*

- Draw a picture.
- Draw a free-body diagram.
- Calculate the acceleration.

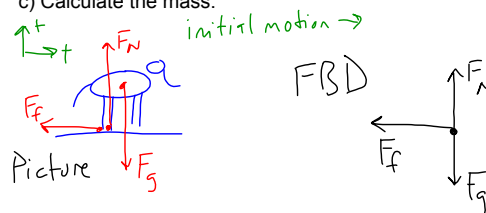


ONLY acceleration in the x-direction

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{net force} & \rightarrow \\
 \sum \vec{F} &= m\vec{a} \\
 \vec{F}_{cw} &= m\vec{a} \\
 \vec{a} &= \frac{\vec{F}_{cw}}{m} \\
 &= \frac{-17850 \text{ N}}{1500 \text{ kg}} \\
 &= -11.9 \text{ m/s}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

An elephant stops with a force of -1800 N with an acceleration of -2.0 m/s/s.

- Draw a picture.
- Draw a free-body diagram.
- Calculate the mass.

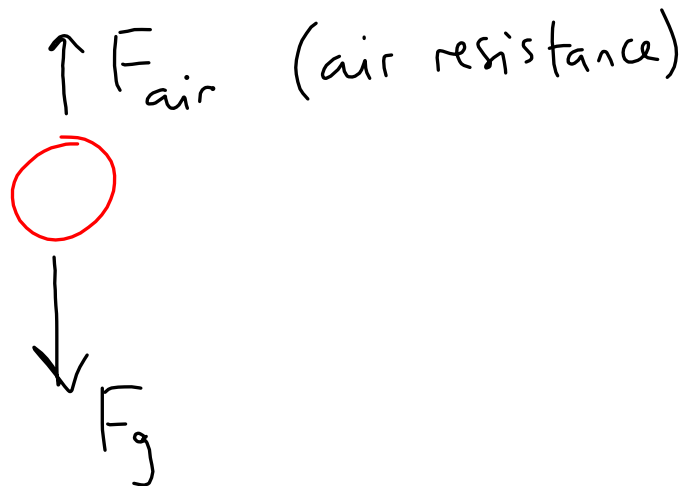


No math in y-direction because there is no acceleration ( $\vec{F}_g = \vec{F}_N$ ).

Math in x-direction:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum \vec{F} &= m\vec{a} \\
 \vec{F}_f &= m\vec{a} \\
 m &= \frac{\vec{F}_f}{\vec{a}} \\
 &= \frac{-1800 \text{ N}}{-2.0 \text{ m/s}^2} \\
 &= 900 \text{ kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

A ball falling, with air resistance



When  $F_{\text{air}} = F_g$ , object falls at constant velocity (meaning it has no acceleration).

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ONLY DRAW FORCES

ON AN FBD (and picture)!